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The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1896. XXXIV—NO. 42

THAT NEW RAILROAD.

It is to Run From Wooster to Cleveland.

RIGHT OF WAY PARTLY SECURED

All Sorts of News Reported From Near by Towns—Canal Fulton Astonished by the Appearance of Redoubtable Wheelmen—A Sausage Maker's Mishap.

WOOSTER, Jan. 10.—Col. C. V. Hard is after the Cuyahoga county commissioners for a franchise for the new electric railway now proposed. Col. Hard said yesterday than franchises have already been obtained in Medina and Wayne counties, and also the right of way along the route. Mr. Hard stated that work would begin in the spring and pushed forward to an early completion, which would be in the fall or early winter. The towns, hamlets, and resorts situated between Cleveland and Wooster through which the line will pass are Creston, Chippewa Lake, Seville, Medina, Brunswick, Strongsville and South Brooklyn.

Like the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland Railway, it will carry passengers, farm produce, and package freight, though not heavy freight as that does. Though the capitalization is only $50,000, it will be increased, Mr. Hard says, to $500,000.

EXCITEMENT AT FULTON.

CANAL FULTON, Jan. 10—Three very tired looking individuals, who answered to the names of Joseph Snyder, E. G. Willison and William Heitzman, respectively, and who claimed Massillon as their home, arrived in the town on their bicycles, yesterday afternoon. They instantly became the cynosure of all eyes, and scores of small boys had soon heralded their arrival from one end of the town to the other. All appeared to be much the worse for wear, and it was some time before they could summon courage enough to begin the homeward ride.

MR RESH'S ACCIDENT.

WILMOT, Jan. 10.—Frank Resh was grinding sausage the other day when one of the fingers of his right hand was caught among the cogs badly crushing the member.

A BUSINESS CHANGE.

CANAL FULTON, Jan. 9.—J. W. Bliler and Richard Vanderhoof have purchased the ready-made clothing store owned by F. D. Liggett, and will take possession on February 1.

NAVARRE'S NOTICE TO TRAMPS

NAVARRE, Jan. 9.—Mayor Rhine has issued warning to all tramps, beggars, and knights of the road in general, that if found in Navarre they will be arrested for vagrancy, and upon conviction thereof a workhouse sentence will be meted out to them.

McCormick & Wolf have purchased the E. W. Bowers livery stable and stock. They took possession yesterday.

The young folks have organized a dancing school in Eckroat's hall. They are making commendable progress under the instructions of Messrs Dewees and Adley.

John Neelan will open a grocery and saloon in the Schmidt building soon.

The U. B. Ladies' Aid Society contemplate the erection of a building for entertainment purposes, near the U. B church in the near future.

The Choral Society under the direction of William James will give a concert during the present month.

SHERODSVILLE TROUBLE OVER

SHERODSVILLE, O, Jan. 9.—The shoot ers, loaders and men operating the electrical mining machines at No. 5 mine controlled by the J. H. Somers Coal Company, of Cleveland, returned to work yesterday morning after a four days' strike. The men demanded $2 50 a day. The company offered $1 75. At last a compromise was effected, whereby the machine men will receive $2.10 per day. The shooters and loaders were awarded 36½ cents per ton for entry word and 30½ cents for room work. The miners are jubilant over the settlement, and consider it a victory.

PERSKEY GETS INTO COURT.

CANAL FULTON, Jan 9. - Mrs Dorothy Hatfield, of North Lawrence, a member of a most respectable family, was brought here under arrest by Marshal Buck, today. She is charged by Sam Perskey with obtaining goods under false pretenses Perskey says that she purchased wall paper to the value of $8 55, and had it charged to the account of her landlord, Wm. Boyd. Boyd denies that he gave her any authority to contract the debt, and she denies that she bought the goods in his name. She says thot it is only a scheme of Perskey's to coupel her to settle at once. She waived examination and was bound over.

NO EPIDEMIC AT WILMOT.

WILMOT, Jan. 9.—To people residing at a distance from Wilmot, and to those not a great distance away the reports of a great epidemic of scarlet fever existing at this place, no doubt occasion great anxiety. There have been two cases of scarlatina in the village, both members of the same family, one of whom has entirely recovered, and the other one getting along very nicely. There is one case of measles in town and that one is isolated and precautions taken to prevent its spread. We fail to see how some people can enlarge on the true status of things.

JACKSON'S DAY AT WOOSTER.

WOOSTER, Jan. 9.—For the forty-first annual consecutive time the Democrats of Wayne county celebrated the anniversary of General Jackson's victory at New Orleans over the British forces, last night. E. B. Eshelman was chairman of the evening, and respouses were made to toasts by John McSweeney, A. D. Follett, of Marietta, and T. W. Orr, of Orrville.

NEEDS HOSPITAL CARE.

DALTON, Jan. 9 —Application has been made for the admission of David M. McElhinney, aged 20, of Dalton, to the Epileptic Hospital at Gallipolis.

THE HAWAIIAN BAND.

Letters Showing Its State and Prospects.

The general condition of the Hawaiian Band, now traveling with instruments loaned by Massillon musicians, with Oscar Bernard as trustee, is fully shown in the letter below from Mr. Bernard, and Director Liborino's characteristic note. Both will be very interesting to those who helped to put the orgaization onn its feet:

ALLIANCE, Jan. 9, 1896.

MR. EDITOR: In regard to Mr. McKay, he says the clothes will be sold on Saturday morning, so we send him a letter right off, asking it will be sold seperate or in one time all, and we received no reply yet.

In the meantime Mr. Bernard went to Chicago, this morning, at 10 o'clock train, to release the judgment of the clothes from the claimant, as his very good friend (the owner of the car) and carry with him $200 to pay the costs to Cleveland, and to bring the car to Alliance.

According to the Band Sir: In everywhere we go to, they requested us to go back as we always draw a large crowd. So in our treasure at the present time, we have about $100, besides those $200 Mr. Bernard took to Chicago. We ought to have more than this, but at present we have large expenses as well the boys they have their meals at the restaurant. Our route from now this: Today, the 9th, Alliance; 10th, Salem; 11th and 12th, Alliance again; 13th, Warren; 14th, Youngstown, and by my next letter I will send you more. The boys are all well and delighted in hearing from you and hoping your prosperity. I remain yours truly, J. S LIBORNIO

ALLIANCE, O., Jan. 9, 9 P M

MR EDITOR—I will pass through Massillon to Chicago at 9:15 this evening, as the band deem it necessary for me to see the owner of their car, with whom I am an intimate friend. I hope to make such arrangements as will enable the band to obtain their clothing, which is in Cleveland, and their car and instruments from Chicago. I hope you will give the Massillon musicians a few lines in my behalf for the benefit of the Hawaiian band, as to drop them before their instruments arrive from Chicago will put them in about the same condition as when they arrived in Massillon, but by letting them have the instruments a few days longer I think all will be in running order. The owner of the instruments has given the Hawaiian band the privilege of using the instruments providing he can continue with the band, which offer has been accepted. Now it remains to forward them to the band.

Very respectfully,
OSCAR BERNARD

Chicago Address, Wellington Hotel.

CITY AID SOCIETY.

The Meeting Held in the Y Rooms and the Action Taken.

A meeting of the City Aid Society was held in the Y rooms Friday afternoon at which a committee on constitution was appointed, also a soliciting committee consisting of Mrs. Mary Jacoby, Mrs. Hardgrove, Mrs. Adela Howald and Mrs Turner.

A number of applications for help was received, but all could not be supplied, because there was not enough supplies. Will not the charitable people of the city rally to the help of the needy? There seemed to be no lack of aid and sympathy when the Hawaiian Band was stranded in our town, which was certainly commendable, but would it not be equally praise worthy if we were as zealous for the relief of the destitute who are here as residents of Massillon?

A meeting of the society will be held tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock in the Y rooms to which every woman in the city is invited. Mothers of families who are in need, are especially invited to come to the meeting tomorrow.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The effort of General Passenger Agent Ford, of the Pennsylvania lines, to have upper berth rates reduced, has met with the approval of almost every road of consequence in the country. These approvals are in writing and will go to the executive officers of the Pennsylvania system, who will undoubtedly take up the question with the Pullman company. The fact that the executive officers of the Pennsylvania system are to consider this question gives additional color to the report that this company is strictly in earnest in this matter, and that if necessary to carry its point will purchase the Pullman cars now being operated over that system in which, it is understood, this road already has a large interest.

AN UNLAWFUL ORGANIZATION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—[By Associated Press]—United States District Attorney began proceedings today to restrain the Joint Traffic Association from proceeding under its organization on the ground that it is an organization in restraint of trade.

Meeting of Horticulturists.

The Stark County Horticultural Society will hold its first meeting for 1896 at the residence of Joseph T. Hayhurst, three miles north of Canton, on the Middlebranch road, on Wednesday, January 15. The 9:55 train north and the 5:05 train south on the C., C. & S. railroad will stop at the Hayhurst residence to accommodate those who desire to attend. S. H. Rockhill, secretary.

Bill heads, note heads, letter heads and envelopes artistically printed on short notice at the INDEPENDENT office.

MARRIED IN MASSILLON.

Lyman Haymaker, the Victim of the Cleveland Bridge Catastrophe.

CANTON, Jan. 10—Lyman L. Haymaker, who was killed in the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland railway wreck yesterday, resided in Canton previous to the time he secured employment on that line. He also resided in Massillon for a time and there married Miss Crooks, a sister of Mrs John Humberger, of Canton, and Wm. Crooks, of Massillon.

A NEW BERLIN ASSIGNMENT.

George W. Sponseller, of new Berlin, assigned this morning to John H. Sponseller. The assets are estimated at $15,000, and the liabilities at $13,000. Mr. Sponseller conducted a general store in New Berlin.

THE NEW COUNTY OFFICERS.

J. O. Kreigsbaum and John F. Holl, late county commissioner and surveyor, respectively, who have been holding on to their their offices so enthusiastically, on the ground that under the new adjustment of terms, the other county officers had no right to supplant them, have at last stepped down and out. Capt. R B. Crawford is now county commissioner and expects to present his bond today. Surveyor John S. Hoover is already in possession.

A MASSILLON DIVORCE CASE.

Mary C. Roup, of Massillon, has brought suit for divorce from Charles Roup, on the ground of willful absence. The petition alleges that they were married on September 6, 1892, and have one child three years old. She says for the past three years the plaintiff has been willfully absent from her, and says he will never live with her again. She asks the custody of the child. Willison & Day are the attorneys.

PROBATE COURT NOTES.

The will of Dominick Heinzer, of Tuscarawas township, has been admitted to probate Robinson Reinoehl has been appointed administrator of the Heinzer estate.

The will of John Gfeller, of Washington township, has been admitted to probate.

Frances J. Miller has been appointed guardian of Jesse B Miller, of Canton

In the assignment of John Lilly, of Oval City, a final account and schedule of debts have been filed.

DIVORCE CASE NOTES.

Charles Kosier was granted a divorce from Sarah Kosier, Thursday. Henry Fox was also decreed a separation from Cora B. Fox Application of Lucretia Packard for a divorce from William H Packard has been dismissed.

THE POSTOFFICE FIGHT.

Intimations That Something May Happen Tomorrow.

Ex Sheriff Krider has received a dispatch from Washington It is a fat telegram and Mr. Krider has read it several times He is not giving out its contents, but with the air of a man who knows, says he expects something to happen tomorrow. Messrs. Young and Warwick are still struggling with the Presidential mind, and it is understood that Consul Howells has a confidential man on the ground.

John McCane announces that he does not propose to worry President Cleveland by camping down in Washington He will remain in Massillon, and stick to the rag business He really thinks, however, that the decegates in Washington will so upset the President that he will cast his eyes in other directions and may appoint somebody other than Mr Shepley out of impatience "Would n't they be fooled if I should get it," quoth Mr McCane "I will admit that I would like the place I consider myself the only genuine harmony candidate."

The Canton News-Democrat, which is unfriendly to F R Shepley, says "The friends of ex Sheriff Charles A Krider have given up hope, if the endorsement of Mr. Brice is to be effective, but they believe that will not settle it. The various candidates are all hopeful. It is quietly whispered about in the west end that Mr Shepley's fences are down and badly in need of repairs. Whether his friends have started in time only developments can tell."

WHERE IS BUCK YOUNG?

An effort of THE INDEPENDENT to establish communication with Mr Shepley's diplomatic representative, Judge Young, in Washington, has failed A Western Union office message received at 2 o'clock says.

"Yours today to O. E Young, Riggs or some other hotel, signed INDEPENDENT, undelivered. Unable to find at Riggs or any other hotel."

TWICE A WEEK

An Opportunity for Local Advertisers to Take Advantage of.

The old established WEEKLY INDEPENDENT which circulates more extensively than any other newspaper in Western Stark and Eastern Wayne counties, now goes twice a week to its readers. Local merchants who desire to reach country trade can do so not only more thoroughly, but more promptly, by using its columns, than by any other process. The twice-a-week INDEPENDENT gets into the homes of well-to-do people, who are buyers. It goes to press Mondays and Thursdays.

Painfully Injured.

John Hunter, a drayman, was crushed by a falling cupboard in the office of the Wells Fargo Express Company, Thursday morning Dr. F. B. Williamson was summoned, and after making a hurried examination pronounced Hunter's injuries not of a serious nature, although painful. Internal injuries may develop later, however, and Hunter will be confined to his home for some time, as it is

Injured at the Bridge Works.

Barney Gannon, an employe at the Massillon Bridge works, was injured by a piece of falling iron last night. His leg was painfully crushed, but no bone was broken.

NO WEDDING OCCURRED

Everything Was Ready, But the Groom Backed Out.

MISS SMITH MUCH DISAPPOINTED

A Massillon Girl's Marriage, Arising From a Spirited Correspondence, Results in Disaster—The Guests Arrived, But Could Not Get In.

Maria E. Smith, of Massillon, daughter of the late Cyrus Smith, and Edward Newman, of McConnellsville, are still enjoying the independence of single blessedness. The arrangements for a wedding were complete. Cards were sent out, and the happy event was to take place in St. John's African Methodist church in Cleveland. The bride was ready, and a great crowd shivered in front of the closed church door. But there was no wedding. The pastor received this note:

"Elder Ransom, Reverend Sir—It is with regrets that I pen you this note, informing you that the marriage of Edward Newman will not take place tonight in your church, owing to circumstances which I cannot explain to you I will enclose you one dollar, and please excuse me if I have put you to any inconvenience."

Miss Smith is staying at the home of her sister in Central avenue, but had retired when a reporter called there last evening. Newman was seen, and discussed the case good naturedly. He said that he did not care to particularize the causes of the separation. He was disposed to think that the wedding would never occur, and said that he would probably return home today.

It seems that the lovers had never met, but had become engaged by correspondence. They met for the first time last week at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs John Coleman, of 78 Ashland avenue. Thursday evening was fixed as the time for the ceremony. It was noticed that when the groom first saw Miss Smith he seemed to lose enthusiasm, and, as events prove, changed his mind.

DAYS ON RED HOSS MOUNTAIN.

Now Being Lived Over Again in Colorado's Capital.

In a bright and chatty letter to Robert H. Day, William A. Ulman, of Denver, tells a great deal that is going on in the land of the gold boom "In Colorado," he writes, "every other commercial pursuit is paling into insignificance beside and in comparison with the mining industry, and a great deal of money is being made in this channel. The mines of the state are putting out millions of gold a month, and a great deal of money is being made in the advances of values of legitimate mining stocks—that is stocks that have more than a merely speculative value, where the mines are shipping ores and paying dividends

"A young friend of mine, who officed with me several months in 1894, is clearing about $200 a day commissions from the handling of mining stocks. There are five mining stock exchanges in Denver and 500 or 600 mining brokers—too many, of course, for more than a few to make good money The old established firms manage to retain their clientage and do good business—the new comers in the field hustle for the rest of the business

"I wish you were in Denver. It would give me a great glow of satisfaction to parade the town and its varied—to your eyes unique forms of entertainment The climate, you know is superb, the girls are bright and witty and fair to look upon; the men are brainy and enterprising; the clubs are splendidly equipped and well maintained, and money is growing plentiful We are returning to that period which Eugene Field had in mind when he wrote 'Casey's Table d'Hote'

"When things wuz run wide open and men wuz brave and free,
In them days on Red Hoss Mountain, in the year of sixty three."

FISHING THROUGH THE ICE.

The Game Law Being Daily Violated South of Town.

The attention of the game warden is directed to flagrant violations of the law by men who fish through the river ice, with dip nets A Massillon sportsman who went down below yesterday saw dozens of such holes, and hundreds of small fish lying on the ice, being too small to be worth taking away. As the river was stocked a season or two ago, and may be again, this should be looked into. It is astonishing that people who violate the statute do not consider that they are encouraging lawlessness and wiping out one of the best sources of a free food supply

Stoneware Company Election.

The Massillon Stoneware Company closed its year's business Wednesday to the satisfaction of the stockholders, and elected officers and directors as follows: President, A. Boerner; vice president, Frank Vogt; secretary and treasurer, F. R Shepley; directors, the before mentioned and George Lesher and Mary C. Shepley. Wm Welker has disposed of his interest in the concern.

Their Overcoats Delivered.

The big policemen of the city force make a brave showing these winter nights in the handsome uniform overcoats just delivered by Hookway & Foltz, who were lowest bidders on the job. **The garments have a trim and substantial appearance that they should have, and the policemen find great comfort in their possession.**

OHIO MINING AFFAIRS.

President Ratchford Discusses the Contract for 1896.

President M. D Ratchford, of the Ohio miners' association, says that he regards the contract for 1896 as "one of the best ever made for the miners of Ohio." "It stipulates," he continues, "a continuation of present prices to continue until prices rise or fall in the Pittsburg district, which in effect means an advance of 6 cents per ton on the first of March, seeing that news from the Pittsburg district received the very evening of the day we concluded our agreement with the Ohio operators, was that the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, the greatest anticipated obstructionist to the matter of uniformity in the Pittsburg district, has started to pay 64 cents per ton, along with the other coal companies of that district

"Besides that, we have stipulated for the payment of the miners' wages of our district in cash, without any deductions for store orders, scrip, checks, etc, the adoption of a uniform screen, which carries with it the abolishment of diamond bars and screens with obstructions, evils which have of late been rapidly increasing in our state.

"'Tis true we have not succeeded in wiping out the inequalities which exist between the low and high coal fields of our state, nor those between pick and machine mines. Good reasons exist, however, for our failure so to do. The miners of the low coal fields were not represented as well as to warrant those who were represented to inaugurate a struggle for differentials in their favor It was considered dangerous to thrust trouble on men who were not represented in sufficient numbers as to say whether they were willing to make the sacrifice or not."

BETTER COUNTRY SCHOOLS

Some Valuable Suggestions Thrown Out for Stark County Educators.

The discussion of the country school problem in the January number of thes Educational Monthly deserves a wide circulation. The plan of abandoning the small schools in outlying district and having the children conveyed in comfortable vehicles, it charge of trusty drivers, to and from school, has been in successful operation in Connecticut for more than ten years and at Kingsville, Ashtabula county, for the past three years. Five of the outlying districts were abandoned and the pupils conveyed to the town. Covered wagons, accommodating about twenty pupils are used. In two of the districts the pupils are taken 4½ miles, and in the others 3 or 3½ miles, at a cost from 95 cents to $1.05 for each round trip. The cost of tuition has thus been reduced from $22.75 to $12.25 per capita—better teachers are secured, better wages paid, the daily attendance increased, tardiness reduced to a minimum, quarreling and improper conduct on the way to and from school abolished, and a lively interest in school work aroused. This plan could be used with profit in many of the sub-districts in Stark county.

Township supervision will be discussed at the Swan school house, near Justus, next Tuesday evening.

The Bethlehem township teachers held a pleasant institute at Rockville last Saturday W. B Given won the foot race.

Four hundred and twelve teachers are necessary to supply the schools of Stark county.

Reading circle work is being done by teachers in almost every township in the county. The fees are past due and should be sent to the county secretary at once.

The authorities at Cleveland are taking active steps to punish dealers who sell cigarettes to school boys

The Perry township teachers will meet at the Center school, Buzzard's, next Saturday afternoon and evening.

With a little effort on the part of the teacher, programmes for the celebration of Longfellow's birthday can be arranged and carried out

Some Stark county teachers are having trouble in getting school papers, for which they paid strangers at the last county inst tute. There are people who live in the county whose honesty is unquestioned, willing and able to supply any periodical teachers may want.

WHERE IS TIMOTHY DUNNE?

Mysterious Disappearance of a Resident Business Man.

Had the earth suddenly opened up and swallowed him, Timothy A. Dunne could not have disappeared more completely nor mysteriously than he has. His relatives have not seen him for several days, and his book store and news stand in West Tremont street is closed. On Wednesday evening he called at Joseph Snyder's saloon and purchased a bottle of gin, saying that he wanted it for a sick man Since then he has sunk out of sight. John Dunne, a brother, went to Canton this morning to look for him, and before going told Policemen Seaman and Ertle to institute a search for the missing man. His disappearance is certainly very strange, and although foul play has been hinted at by some, this seems entirely out of the question, as he was of a quiet, inoffensive disposition, and was not known to carry large sums of money about with him. His business affairs are said to be in a reasonably healthy condition, so that this could not have caused his going away. Mr. Dunne resided with his brother in Young street

Dangers of Love.

The Wooster Republican says. Miss Lucy May Tinsler, aged 20 years, of near Marshallville, went violently insane as the result of overexertion, loss of sleep and a lover's quarrel. She was adjudged insane on Tuesday by Probate Judge J. C. McClarran and ordered committed to the Toledo asylum.

Now is the time to subscribe.

THE EXPERTS TESTIFY.

Mrs. Aultman's Case Continued on Trial.

DR. HAMILTON ON THE STAND

He Ventures the Opinion That Mrs Aultman is Capable of Handling Her Own Affairs—The Happenings in Other Neighboring Towns.

CANTON, Jan 11.—One of the most eminent experts in the United States was in attendance at the Aultman guardianship trial Friday. Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton, of New York, was on the stand. He was one of the insanity experts in the trial of Guiteau, the murderer of President Garfield.

Dr. Hamilton had made two examinations of Mrs. Aultman, and was very clearly of the opinion that she is competent to transact ordinary business. He says that she may have been deranged for a time, due to the grief at the death of her husband, and a sickness which followed, but if she were ever in that condition she has fully recovered

Dr. Hamilton is the cleverest expert that has been here, and the efforts of the brilliant counsel in the trial to shake his testimony were futile. It was asked of the expert that if Mrs. Aultman had been deluded into the idea that Dr Portmann, the Rev. Dr. D. H. Muller E. C. Patterson and another friend had proposed marriage to her, and on bended knee had pressed their suits, it would make any difference as to his opinion of her sanity, provided these statements were not true. Witness said that such delusions, if they were delusions, were not necessarily indications of insanity.

Dr. Evarts, of Cincinnati, testified in the same line and directly for Mrs. Aultman.

It was the strongest testimony that has yet been produced.

A MASSILLON DIVORCE CASE.

By Attorney Robert H. Folger Ida Butt has commenced proceedings to secure a divorce from William H. Butt The defendent, it is alleged, cruelly treated his wife and in the city of Washington greatly injured her by administering a beating. Mr Butt is also charged with neglect and drunkenness

A CANTON MAN KILLED.

Marshal Reed has received a letter from George B. Garlinghouse, a detective at Rico, Col., stating that John Miller was killed in a snow-slide on Mount Wilson, Dec. 31. The letter states that Miller has relatives in Canton, having been from here originally. The assertion is made that he owns valuable mining stock.

NOW THE RAILROADS ARE SECURE.

GENOA, Jan. 11.—The literary society entertained 300 last night. The exercises before recess secured merited applause, and the active and most interesting participants were from Massillon The debaters being new at the business were rather prosy, but meant well, and by strict attention to business, will doubtless be able to handle the grave issues of the day in fine form. It was decided, in consequences of the debate that the railroads are not the enemies of civilization, and that more are needed The debaters were advised to read history, newspapers, and look up statistics before going in again. Next week the question will be discussed: "Resolved That the North produced greater than the South."

LOST HIS LEFT HAND.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Jan. 11.—Brubecker, while coupling cars for Ridgway Barton Company, lost fingers of his left hand, Friday how some manner his hand was caught tween the bumpers, and ground off. The injury is extremely painful.

FORTY CASES OF MEASLES.

WILMOT, Jan. 11.—The epidemic of measles continues to rage in this vicinity. Forty cases are reported.

DEATH OF MR ESHELMAN.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Jan. 11.—Samuel Eshelman, who resided near North Lawrence, died at 2:30 o'clock this morning The deceased was 63 years old. The funeral will be held at the house Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS

WEST LEBANON, Jan. 11.—Mrs John Bardine slipped and fell on the icy sidewalk the other day and broke her arm

Fred Geggre, aged 88 years, was stricken with paralysis the other day He has lost the sight of his right eye and his brain is affected Mr. Geggre is one of the oldest residents of this vicinity

DEATH OF MRS. REILLY.

She Passes Away Friday Evening After Long Illness.

After an illness of many months, Mrs A. J. Reilly died at her home Friday afternoon. Mrs Reilly was born in Portsmouth, N. H., July 12 1829. At the age of fifteen she came to Massillon with her brother, Hunking Wheeler. She was married to Robert Reilly in 1851, and removed to Cleveland. After nine years of married life she was left a widow when she returned to this city and has since made this her home.

For years she had been a member of the Episcopal church and took a deep interest in the work of the parish. Though quiet and unaffected in her manner, yet her friendships were deep and lasting, and she leaves numerous friends who will long remember her kindly deeds and many virtues. Four children survive her. Annie E. Reilly, of Canton; Ida M Reilly, and Mrs. Jennie Hopper, of Highlands, N. Y., and Clarence E Reilly, of Austin, Tex.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
18 North Erie St., Massillon, O.

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DAILY FOUNDED IN 887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

Long Distance Telephone No. 60.
Farmer's Telephone No. 60.

MONDAY, JANUARY, 13 1896.

The general assembly has already decided, presumably in the interest of economy, to appoint eight additional pages and four more committee clerks. Our overworked statesmen must be relieved.

Ohio Republicans will do better to concentrate all their energies upon furthering Governor McKinley's interests than to belittle the candidacy of others. There is no doubt that there is a great deal of earnestness back of the effort to nominate Governor Morton, of New York.

General Sherwood, editor of the Canton News-Democrat during the Woman's Relief Corps epoch, is showing symptoms of an intention to corner all the horse papers in the country. He is already in possession of the Western Horseman, of Indianapolis, and now he has purchased an interest in the American Sportsman, of Cleveland.

The treasury expenditures Wednesday, exceeded the receipts by $675,311, and the January deficit is now $4,644,732; for the fiscal year, $20,039,439, and for the Cleveland administration, $131,932,035. Yet in the face of these unpleasant facts the minority in congress insist that the government difficulties are now caused by shortage of revenue!

And now it is County Commissioner Crawford, who knows a necessity when he sees it, and will therefore take an interest in the building of bridges to Columbian Heights, and in those other long sought improvements in this portion of the county. We all expect great things of Capt. Crawford, for we found him equal to a full fledged member, while postmaster of the senate

The Franklin county court has done the proper thing in summoning ex-Governor Campbell to testify before the grand jury. Mr. Campbell went about the state like a howling dervish, last fall, leaving a trail of mud behind him. He charged various public men with wrong doing in office. The charges were wholly foreign to the issues of the campaign, but if true, the guilty fellows should be punished, and if Mr. Campbell was simply playing the part of the public slanderer, he should be exposed.

The embarrassing necessity will soon be presented to the Republicans of this district, of selecting two men to go as delegates to the St. Louis convention. Inasmuch as there are at least 40 gentlemen in Canton, each of whom nourishes a personal regard for Governor McKinley, that will cause any 39 not chosen to feel a great deal of mental distress, THE INDEPENDENT suggests, in the interest of harmony, that the Canton brethren resign their hopes, and combine upon some sound Massillonian. Probably Mahoning and Columbiana counties will desire at least one delegate.

The New York Sun observes: "There prisoner after Herr Tausen's own rt in Canton, O. He broke jail and a secure hiding place. But the hot was unsatisfactory and his conce smote him. The food in the jail very decent, after all, and it was rateful in him to leave the gaoler in lurch. Back he trudged and tapped umbly at the jail door, 'and who was so ready as the proud porters to rise and let him in?' All was forgiven. He was allowed to enjoy the secluded comforts of the jail again. If Herr Tausen's wards would only be as considerate!"

The first draft of the resolution recently adopted by the state school examiners specifies "proof of immorality, dishonesty, the use of intoxicating liquors, and the frequenting of saloons," as cause for expulsion from the list of authorized teachers. The word "and" has been changed to "or," and therefore any one of the offenses set up, will be sufficient ground for such action. The worthless teachers, and it is a pity that there are any of them, should now be on their good behavior. Under this resolution, a little well grounded complaint on the part of citizens, will result in removal from office.

These are invigorating days for the editor of the Mansfield News, who is prancing over Richland county like a war horse, and with a "guaranteed circulation of over 20,000 papers every week" is making the people of that redeemed community understand that the News is a newspaper. "You might as well advertise in a cemetery, on the under side of a coffin lid, as in a newspaper without circulation," says the able editor, which is a gentle way of intimating that the News is not a coffin lid. Indeed it is so very much alive, that he who grasps it may suspect that he has hold of a galvanic battery of considerable power, of which he cannot let go. All hail to Mr. Cappellar, the man who roused Richland county from its Rip Van Winkleism!

The Central Labor Union of Cleveland, which patted such provident crea-

tures as Carl Browne on the back, denounces the attempt of the managers of the Cleveland public schools to inculcate thrift by starting school savings banks. The Cleveland opponents of this plan "emphatically protest against the introduction of any such peanut reforms," and officially declare that "little Tommy Tittlebat should not be deprived of the pleasure of munching his chewing gum and candy by penny-wise statesmen and meddlesome soothsayers." Nevertheless sensible people will approve of the school saving banks, and hope for the extension of the system. Indeed, the labor organizations are already enrolled as in favor of postal savings banks. Germany first taught us the wisdom of giving the children an opportunity to save and learn business habits, and it is worth our while to remember that the lesson comes from the most prudent to the most extravagant nation in the world.

MR. TAYLER'S MAIDEN SPEECH.

The constituents of Congressman Robert W. Tayler will read with interest his maiden speech before the House of Representatives. It appears in the Congressional Record, and was delivered on the bill to maintain and protect the coin redemption fund, and to authorize the issue of certificates of indebtedness to meet temporary deficiencies of revenue. Mr. Tayler said:

"Mr. Speaker: The members of this side of the House who oppose the pending measure for the issue of bonds seem to misapprehend the question and their responsibility in connection with it. Their fear that the Republican party will suffer is ungrounded. The record of that party against the issue of bonds in time of peace is too well known to be misapprehended now. Never, except in the time of war or for resumption purposes, has the Republican party authorized the issue of bonds for any other than refunding purposes. But to all practical intents and purposes this is a time of war. This great nation is going about with a sword in one hand and a contribution box in the other

"For this the Republican party is not responsible It is one of the fruits of Democratic incompetency, and it is our duty as Republicans to make the best of a situation which exists, but for which we are not responsible. The constituency which I represent is a patriotic constituency. It will go as far as I possibly can go to uphold the credit of the country, even though that credit has been impaired by Democratic folly, and though it be a Democratic administration which calls for assistance.

"If the tariff measure which was passed last Thursday becomes a law, and the estimated revenue from it is realized, I think there will be little need for the issue of bonds under the pending measure. But, none the less, the present emergency points out the way where duty leads, and the way I propose to follow.

"No one pretends that either the tariff bill or this measure is drawn on Republican lines. Neither of them is intended to meet a Republican situation. Neither of them is to be presented to a Republican President for signature. They are both emergency measures, and whether history approves or disapproves them, the patriotism of a Republican congress in passing them will stand out as a shining example of what a great party can do when the sense of a high public duty is upon it."

THE GOLD RESERVE

Even those who wish to see President Cleveland's desire to keep up the gold reserve gratified, feel, like Senator Sherman, that he is not entirely frank in his treatment of the case. His antipathy to the greenbacks is so violent that he manifests a willingness to go to any length in securing their retirement. It is only recently he has learned that he need not re-issue the greenbacks except in exchange for gold coin, and a senator thus points out one method of replenishing the government's stock of gold, that does not seem to have occurred to him:

"The national banks, and especially those that are public depositories, are responsible aids to the government in maintaining its credit They are chartered by it and hold intimate relations with it. They should not allow the gold reserve, with a plentiful supply of greenbacks in the treasury that can be exchanged for gold, to run down to a point where the business of the country is disturbed by fears of national discredit. At any time they can get greenbacks for gold, which are as valuable to them as a reserve as is gold itself. They know they have a friendly President and secretary of the treasury, who will maintain the gold reserve until March 4, 1897, at least. Secretary Carlisle ought to be able at any moment to say to bankers whose coffers are overflowing with gold that they ought to help him to maintain the gold reserve and the government's credit, instead of diminishing the one and depreciating the other.

"There are men in New York who are well known whom Secretary Carlisle could go and see or call them to Washington and say: 'I want $10,000,000 in gold paid into the New York sub-treasury in exchange for greenbacks I want this done to restore confidence and check this drain on the reserve. That must be built up instead of diminished.' These men need never be known in the transaction. They would do it, for not only would it be right, but they know that Mr Carlisle has the power that would make it advisable for them to do it. The national banks have gold and should come to the rescue, instead of making the situation worse, and, besides, whatever hurts the government's credit must in the end hurt theirs. It may be that they must be taught a lesson soon."

Colonel Thomas Dunlap Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Colonel Thomas Dunlap, for years warden of Ludlow street jail, who was also at one time commissioner of jurors in this city, has died at Westfield, N. J., of pneumonia.

Pardoned by Governor Altgeld.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 11.—Gov. Altgeld has granted a pardon to ex-Representative John L. Geher, doing five years' time at Joliet penitentiary for murder during a miners' riot.

STRONG ON FIGURES.

WERE LIGHTNING CALCULATORS BY A GIFT OF NATURE.

Two Boys Whose Peculiar Talents Attracted General Attention—Some of the Difficult Tests Through Which They Passed Successfully.

George Parker Bidder was born in 1806 at Morton Hampstead, in Devonshire, where his father carried on a small business as a stonemason. At the early age of 4 he showed a most extraordinary ability for calculation, which with slight assistance from an elder brother assumed quite phenomenal proportions. His peculiar talents soon attracted general attention, and his father found it a much more profitable employment to carry his son about the country and exhibit him as the "Calculating Phenomenon" than following his trade. In this way young Bidder visited many parts of England, astonishing the different people who came to question him by the wonderful rapidity with which he was able to answer, without external aid of any description, the most difficult questions. Of these the following are a few of the most extraordinary examples: If a flea spring 2 feet and 3 inches in every hop, how many hops must it take to go around the world, the circumference being 25,020 miles, and how long would it be performing the journey allowing it to take 60 hops every minute without intermission? Answer, 58,713,600 hops and 1 year, 314 days, 13 hours and 20 minutes.

The following question was solved by him in 40 seconds: Suppose the ball at the top of St. Paul's cathedral to be 6 feet in diameter, what did the gilding cost at 3½d. per square inch? Answer, £237 10s. 1d.

The following in 1 minute and 20 seconds: Suppose a city to be illuminated with 9,999 lamps, each lamp to consume one pint of oil every four hours in succession, how many gallons would they consume in 40 years? Answer, 109,489,050 gallons.

Another curious question was: Suppose the earth to consist of 971,000,000 inhabitants and suppose they die in 30 years and 4 months, how many have returned to dust since the time of Adam, computing it to be 5,859 years? Multiply the answer by 99.

During one of his exhibition tours, fortunately for the lad, his performances attracted the attention of eminent scholars, who after making inquiries subsequently undertook his education. He was attached to the ordnance survey for a short time and afterward was associated with Stephenson, the great engineer.

Some years after, he entered parliament, and numerous stories are extant of his wonderful skill in detecting a flaw in some elaborate sets of calculations, whereby he was often enabled to upset an opponent's case. Or, at other times, he would establish his own case by arguments based upon mathematical data, possibly only at the moment placed before him. It is said that on one occasion an opposing counsel asked that he might not be allowed to remain in the committee room on the ground that "nature had endowed him with qualities that did not place his opponents on a fair footing."

After taking a leading part in many important engineering works, he died at Dartmouth, Sept. 20, 1878.

Another of these extraordinary children, between whom and Bidder honors were almost equally divided, was Zerah Colburn, born at Cabot, Vt., Sept. 1, 1804. Signs of his wonderful power appeared at a very tender age. The discovery was accidentally made by his father, who was much surprised one day to hear him repeating the product of several numbers, although at the time he had received no other instruction than such as could be obtained at a small country school whose curriculum did not include writing or cyphering. He thereupon proposed a variety of arithmetical questions to his son, all of which the child answered with remarkable facility and correctness. At the age of 8 the boy was able to solve most difficult questions by the mere operation of his mind. Many persons of the first eminence for their knowledge in mathematics made a point of seeing and conversing with him, and they proposed to him a great variety of questions to test his marvelous powers. Among them were the following:

Give the square root of 999,999. After hesitating a little he replied 999,999,000,001 and observed that he produced this result by multiplying the square of 27,037 by the square of 27. He was then asked to multiply the answer twice by 49 and once by 25, a task which he accomplished successfully, though the answer consists of 17 figures.

Name the cube root of 413,993,348,677. To this he gave the correct answer in five seconds. How many times would a coach wheel 12 feet in circumference turn round in 256 miles, and how many minutes in 48 years. To the first he replied in two seconds 112,640, and to the second, before the question could be written down, 25,228,800, and added that the number of seconds in the same period was 1,513,728. What are the factors of 247,483? To this he replied 941 and 263, which are the only factors.—Straud Magazine.

As Women See Women.

Alice Stone Blackwell, in answer to a question by a Boston paper, wrote: "The question, Are women more charitable toward the faults of other women than men are? must be answered in the negative. Men see the faults of women through a certain softening glamor of sex. Women look at them clear sightedly and with an impartiality that is often pitiless."

The most extravagant instance of literary relic worship on record is said to be that of a well known Englishman who constantly wears, in a small locket attached to a chain around the neck, a portion of the charred skull of Shelley.

HENRY CLAY WAS RATTLED.

But He Remembered a Quotation That Did Just as Well as the Missing Words.

In the early twenties of this century Mr. Clay was appointed by the legislature of Kentucky a commissioner to Virginia to ask of that state that a commission be appointed to make a definite line of demarcation between the two states. Upon his arrival in Richmond he was received with great courtesy by its most distinguished citizens. He said that his profession, politics and affairs of government had occupied his time so exclusively that he was aware of knowing little of polite litertaure or the favorite publications of the day. This prompted him to ask an old friend whom he knew to be a literary man to select some lines to introduce when addressing the legislature as a quotation expressive of his feelings to the state of Virginia as his birthplace. His friend suggested a stanza from Scott's "Lay of the Last Minstrel," which he highly approved and memorized.

The day appointed for his address found the galleries, halls and every available space crowded with eager, expectant auditors, and many beautiful women in bright attire gave brilliancy to the scene. He held the attention of his audience with entire success until he came to the part where he meant to introduce the quotation. Then his memory failed him. The shock was appalling for a moment He stood rigid and pale before a thousand watchful eyes, in his mind only a blank, before him a turbulent sea of upturned faces. With a characteristic gesture he threw up his hands to his forehead, and in his most sonorous tones he recited the following words:

> Breathes there the man with soul so dead
> Who never to himself hath said,
> This is my own, my native land?

concluding his speech amid deafening applause.

Every one present had supposed that he was overcome by emotion, and none but the friend who had selected the quotation for him perceived the cause of his momentary panic.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Henry M. Stanley on Interviews

"Is this Mr. Stanley?"

Stanley stopped coolly, and giving his questioner a somewhat surprised and sour stare responded with a reluctant affirmative

"Have you the time or inclination to give a brief interview?"

"Interview! Good God, sir! Is there no way to escape the newspapers? Why, it is worse than the passport system in Russia. I cannot put my foot on the soil anywhere in this country without being confronted thus. I have done my best to avoid it. If I were to make up for a minstrel show, I would, no doubt, be discovered. You are simply driving me out of the country. I would have been glad to remain ten days at Puget sound if I could have done so in peace, like any other unobtrusive traveler, but they were there to meet me with notebooks and pencils."—Portland Oregonian.

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CARACAS IS A GAY CITY

The Kind of Fun They Have In Venezuela's Capital.

AS WILD AND WICKED AS CREEDE.

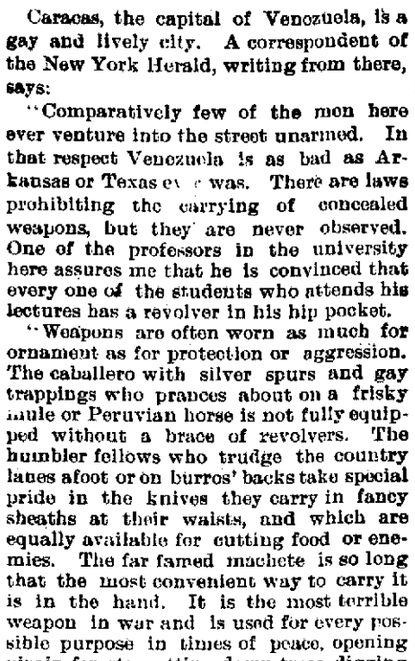
Almost Every Man Goes Armed, and Shooting and Cutting Affrays Are Frequent. Bull Fighting, Poker Playing and Public Balls Some of the Diversions.

Caracas, the capital of Venezuela, is a gay and lively city. A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing from there, says:

"Comparatively few of the men here ever venture into the street unarmed. In that respect Venezuela is as bad as Arkansas or Texas ever was. There are laws prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons, but they are never observed. One of the professors in the university here assures me that he is convinced that every one of the students who attends his lectures has a revolver in his hip pocket.

"Weapons are often worn as much for ornament as for protection or aggression. The caballero with silver spurs and gay trappings who prances about on a frisky mule or Peruvian horse is not fully equipped without a brace of revolvers. The humbler fellows who trudge the country lanes afoot or on burros' backs take special pride in the knives they carry in fancy sheaths at their waists, and which are equally available for cutting food or enemies. The far famed machete is so long that the most convenient way to carry it is in the hand. It is the most terrible weapon in war and is used for every possible purpose in times of peace, opening virgin forests, cutting down trees, digging and building.

"Human life is held very cheap in Venezuela, except by the law of the land in dealing with murderers. There is no capital punishment here, and a man who is caught red handed in crime knows that the heaviest sentence that could be imposed on him is ten years' imprisonment. The worst cases, I am told, are sent to a prison in the marshy district near the western frontier, where the man who survives his



THE PERERO OF CARACAS.

term is a phenomenon and where two years is as much as most men can endure. Stabbing and shooting affrays are very common and rarely receive more attention than half a dozen lines in the local papers, in which sympathy is expressed for the relatives of the deceased.

"The proportion of men that one sees in the streets of Caracas who are minus an arm or a leg is greater by far than it was in the United States at the close of the civil war. Comparatively few of the cripples here were maimed in battle during the revolutions, most of them having been hurt in private brawls.

"Police regulations in Caracas are not strict, but I was very much amused the other night by seeing a policeman calmly watching a gambling game. Several residents of the city, to whom I mentioned the incident, did not seem to think it particularly strange. A gentleman who lives here thought I would be interested in seeing a native baile, or public ball. He took me to a place in a side street in the center of the city. Strains of music floated from the open windows, making it very easy to find, as all the neighboring houses were dark and as still as the grave. We passed through a little barroom into a large apartment, used for gambling. Around a central table was a dense crowd, mainly composed of negroes, many of whom were shod with alpargatos, the sandal almost universally worn by the poorer classes and always without stockings. Piles of silver on the table represented the bets. A policeman, in uniform, rifle in hand, stood on the back steps, smoking a cigarette and watching the game over the heads of the players.

"A sign on the wall notified gentlemen wearing alpargatos that they must not venture on the ballroom floor. The baile itself proved very low and very uninteresting, and, except in costumes and complexions, differed very little from affairs of the same kind in New York.

"There is a great deal of drinking in Caracas, and the liquor is exceptionally bad. The average corner saloon in New York is a palace compared to the places here, and the quality of drinks sold in them will not stand comparison. Brandy is the favorite tipple, and only the cheapest grade is sold. Rum is inexpensive and in high favor. Whisky is a luxury not commonly found.

"Dogs form the main crop of the country. Dogs grow in all sizes and shapes, excepting those laid down by authorities as denoting special breeds. Many of the animals one sees in the streets are mangy and covered with sores, and a wholesome slaughter would be a public benefit.

"I fancy that the supply of dogs has always been large in Caracas, as the cathedral here has an odd functionary, called a perero, or dog boy. The present occupant is an urchin with a black face, very bright eyes and a beautiful set of teeth. In the street he looks like any other little fellow who does not keep his face particularly clean, but in the cathedral he is quite imposing in his long gown of dark purplish blue and his big white collar. He carries in his hands a stout whip, with a long, knotted lash, and he walks about with all the pride of a recruit in the army carrying a gun for the first time. He is quite expert, and loud yelps occasionally prove that his whip hurts."

DIDN'T KNOW THE ROPES.

An English Editor's Experience With an Adirondack Railroad Train.

When Mr. Cust, editor of William Waldorf Astor's Pall Mall Gazette, was in New York at the time of the Valkyrie-Defender finish, foul and fizzle, he went up to the Adirondacks for some fishing and shooting. Mr. Cust traveled with a good deal of luggage, and the backwoodsmen at Childwold, where he left Dr. Webb's railroad, were inclined to grin at the sight of a man going into the woods with so many gripsacks and bundles. But the Englishman was not disturbed. He had a good time and got some good game. When he got ready to come out of the woods, he went back to Childwold with all his boxes, bags and portmanteaus. He intended to take the day train for New York, which was due at Childwold about 12 o'clock. When the train pulled into the station, Mr. Cust stood on the platform with his luggage piled up around him. Conductor Clarke saw him there, but when Mr. Cust made no motion to board the train Clarke gave the signal to Pat Cummings, the engineer, to go ahead, and Pat did, leaving Mr. Cust standing on the platform.

Now it happened that Mr. Cust was the guest of Dr. Seward Webb, who owns the Adirondack railroad. When the train pulled out and left him, he told the station agent who he was and then followed some lively telegraphing. When the train got to Horseshoe Pond, Conductor Clarke got orders from headquarters to uncouple his engine and go back to Childwold for Mr. Cust. The run back up the road was made in lively time. Mr. Cust and his boxes were put into the cab, and the engine raced back to Horseshoe Pond, where the surprised passengers were wondering what on earth had happened. Mr. Cust wasn't at all put out. It was a new experience for him, and he rather enjoyed it.

"I was rightly left," he said to Conductor Clarke. "It was quite right. I was there with my luggage, you know, but when the train came in I saw no porter or guard, and there was no one to put me aboard. I've not been here before, you know, and I'm not familiar with your d——d American methods of railroading. I was rightly left, rightly left."—New York Sun.

Curious Chinese Playing Cards.

A pack of Chinese playing cards is a genuine curiosity. They are generally printed in black on thin cardboard, the average width and breadth being about that of the finger of a human being. In some cases they are only half an inch broad and about 3½ inches in length. The length, no odds what the size, is always at least six times that of the width. Some of the packs have queer representations of our "kings," "queens" and "knaves" stamped upon them in black. Others are decorated with the figures of animals, birds and fishes. Those used by mandarins and high officials bear only figures of mythological creatures.—St. Louis Republic.

LOST ALL AT POKER.

PROPERTY NOW WORTH MILLIONS STAKED ON FOUR QUEENS.

How Nicollet Island, at Minneapolis, Passed Out of Possession of Pierre Bottineau. His Connection With the Early History of Minnesota.

There recently died at his home in Red Lake Falls a man who was so thoroughly identified with the early history of Minnesota that to relate it without mentioning his name would be like trying to make bricks without straw. This man was Pierre Bottineau, the offspring of a French father and an Indian mother, and he possessed all the characteristics of both races.

Mr. Bottineau was a native of what is now North Dakota, having been born 12 miles west of the place where Fargo, N. D., now stands. At the time of his birth Lord Selkirk formed a colony of Swedes and Scotchmen near Fort Garry, and when Bottineau was 10 years of age these people began an exodus for other points. Young as he was, Bottineau was an experienced guide, skilled in wood and prairie craft, and more than one of Lord Selkirk's colonists he piloted out of the wilderness.

In many of the early expeditions of the United States government Pierre was employed as a guide and scout, and was one of the principal members of the noted Sibley expedition, which crossed the plains in the early days. He was well acquainted with almost every foot of the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin, and at one time was the owner of vast tracts of valuable land, which he subsequently lost in one way or another. Mr Bottineau was a warm friend of James J. Hill, the railway magnate, having met him at St. Paul when that place was little more than a trading point and where Mr. Hill was employed as a freighter

In 1841 Mr. Bottineau took up a claim on the spot where St. Paul now stands, but after having held it for a short time traded it for a horse and cow, which he drove away to his home in the wilderness, little thinking that the land he had almost given away would in a few years be the site of a great city. Later on Mr. Bottineau purchased for a small sum a large portion of what is now Minneapolis, but lost the greater portion of it through the dishonesty of purchasers and the rest through his weakness for poker, a game which he thought he understood, but which other people understood better than he did.

There is a story, which the older residents of Minneapolis declare to be true, that Bottineau was once the sole owner of Nicollet island, lying in the Mississippi river, which divides Minneapolis into east and west Minneapolis, and which is now one of the most important business and residence districts in the city and valued at many millions of dollars, and that he lost it during a game of poker. A party of men met one evening at the home of one of them, so the story goes, to play their accustomed game. The stakes kept growing larger and larger, until every jack pot contained a small fortune, even for that early day.

Ever since the game had begun Mr. Bottineau had been losing steadily, but at last he was dealt a hand upon which he hoped to regain all his losses and win something besides. He was given four queens pat, and drawing one card, secured an ace, leaving only four kings with which his hand could be beaten.

As he saw—or thought he did, which amounted to the same thing—one of the players discard a king, he considered his hand invincible and played it accordingly. His opponent also considered his hand a good one and promptly raised every bet made by Bottineau.

Soon all the players but Bottineau and his opponent dropped their hands and retired from the game, after which they sat and watched the conflict. The table was heaped with money and the personal belongings of the two men, who were wishing they had more to wager upon their respective hands. At last all the men possessed lay on the table in front of them, and it was Bottineau's bet. Carefully looking over his cards, he thought a moment and then remarked that all he had left was Nicollet island, which was once the home of Father Hennepin, one of the earliest settlers of Minnesota, his log cabin having stood upon a little mound in the center of the island up to a few years ago, when it was pulled down to make room for the residence of Colonel King.

This island Bottineau was willing to bet against $200. The bet was called by the man on the opposite side of the table and Bottineau laid down his four queens with a smile of triumph on his face. With a shout his opponent laid on the table face up, four kings and a tray. There was a dead silence for a moment. Then Bottineau called for writing materials, made out a deed to the island and left the place. Since that day he never touched a card or countenanced gambling in any form.

After drifting around the country for a time Bottineau came to Red Lake Falls, where he took up a claim and where he remained up to the time of his death, at the age of 84 years. He gradually acquired other property and left his heirs a valuable estate. With the death of Pierre Bottineau passes away the last of the old time Canadian voyagers and guides, such an important factor in the upbuilding of the northwest. He was the father of 27 children, only a few of whom survive him. The one best known is J. B. Bottineau, who spends much of his time at Washington as the attorney of the Turtle Mountain Indians.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Identifying a Warcloud.

"Better git them ducks out," said the barkeeper to the bouncer, "before they git to fightin."

"Which ducks?"

"Them two settin at the fur table, that's tellin each other what good friends they are."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Double Action Joke.

Dumas fils tell of a double action joke which he played on Meissonier, who was a botanist in his hours of leisure. The famous dramatist sent him a paper containing the dried roe of a herring, telling him that it was the seed of a very rare plant. "How are the seeds coming on?" he asked the great painter the next time he saw him. "Oh, beautifully. I have planted them in a circle." And he took the astonished joker to a corner of the garden where the heads of young herrings were just peeping up.

Fiji Island Marriages.

Marriage is not a fashion in the Fiji islands. To be an unmarried man or woman of marriageable age is something that is rarely seen there. The natives believe that if a person dies while in an unmarried state his or her soul is doomed to wander through the endless ages of eternity in an intermediate region between heaven and hades. At the end of each moon they are allowed to look into heaven, but they are never permitted to enter.

Ancient Prepared Papyrus.

The parchments and papyrus used by the ancients seem to have had a special preparation, by virtue of which they absorbed the ink and thus caused the writing to be almost indelible.—Nashville American.

A TRAGIC ADVENTURE.

The Thrilling Sequel to the Hanging of a Condemned Murderer.

"Everybody remembers when the great Texas murderer, Dick Masters, was hanged," said E. M. Cary of Waco, "but the strange death of Sheriff Winters, who sprung the trap, has been kept out of the papers. After Masters' body was cut down, the county physician pronouncing the murderer dead, the sheriff ordered four deputies to carry the body to his private laboratory, where he used to pursue his medical experiments alone. He was bound to dissect the powerful, well developed body of Masters, so he shut himself up with the corpse and went to work.

The sheriff moved about briskly, making a great clatter with his instruments. Several times he went to the windows and peered out, but the neighborhood was deserted. He soon discovered that the drop on the scaffold had not broken Masters' neck, and the sheriff thought that was fortunate, as he always had experimented on the restoration of life whenever opportunity afforded. He laid down his instruments and began to try and restore life. The evening shadows drifted into night. It was a noisy town and the shouts and laughter of revelers could be heard everywhere. Several times the crowds passing the sheriff's room thought they heard the sounds of scuffling, and more than once a muffled shout was heard. But the pleasure seekers on the streets passed along without giving a thought to this.

On the following day Sheriff Winters failed to appear at his office. Nobody had seen him since he locked himself in the laboratory with Masters' body. Finally the mayor of the town and several deputy sheriffs went to the laboratory, but rapping at the door nor shouts would bring any answer. Then they broke open the door. The sight before them nearly turned their hair gray. The room was a total wreck. The furniture was strewn about the room, smashed to pieces, and everything bore evidence of a terrible struggle. Sheriff Winters lay on the floor, dead, and the marks about his throat showed that he had been strangled. A few feet away lay the dead body of the murderer, Masters. The faces and the garments of both men bore evidence of a hard fight. The only conclusion that could be arrived at was that Masters had revived, and on regaining consciousness and strength he attacked the sheriff and succeeded in killing him before he died himself. All this happened in the jail of Rio Grande county."—Kansas City Journal.

IS THIS FACT OR LEGEND?

A Queer Story About the Way In Which "Leonanie" Was Written.

In the home of a gentleman in this city we recently saw a poem written on the fly leaf of an old book. Noticing the initials "E. A. P." at the bottom, it struck us that possibly we had run across a bonanza.

The owner of the book said that he did not know who was the author of the poem. His grandfather, who gave him the book, kept an inn in Chesterfield, near Richmond. One night a young man rapped at the door and asked if he could stay all night and was shown to a room.

That was the last we saw of him. When they went next morning to call him to breakfast, he had gone, but had left the book, on the fly leaf of which he had written these verses:

LEONANIE.

Leonanie! Angels framed her,
And they took the light
Of the laughing stars and framed her
In a suit of white,
And they made her hair of gloomy
Midnight and her eyes of glowing
Moonshine, and they brought her to me
In the silent night.

In a solemn night of summer
When my heart of gloom
Blossomed up to greet the comer,
Like a rose in bloom,
All foreboding that distressed me
I forgot as joy caressed me,
Lying joy that caught and pressed me
In the arms of doom.

Only spake the little lisper
In the angels' tongue,
Yet, listening, heard her whisper:
"Songs are only sung
Here below that they may grieve you.
Tales are told you to deceive you.
So must Leonanie leave you
While her love is young."

Then God smiled, and it was morning,
Matchless art supreme.
Heaven's glory seemed adorning
Earth with its esteem.
Every heart but mine seemed gifted
With the voice of prayer and lifted
Where my Leonanie drifted
From me like a dream.

—E. A. P. (J. Whitcomb Riley.)

—Kokomo (Ind.) Dispatch.

When a washerwoman changes her place of residence, one may ask her "where she hangs out now" without using slang.

Chicago and Toledo Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—[By Associated Press] — Hogs, active, $3.50@3.85½; wheat, 56⅝; corn, 26½; oats, 17½.

TOLEDO, Jan. 11.—[By Associated Press] — Wheat, 66¾.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, January 11, 1896

GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat, per bushel (old)	65
Rye, per bushel	40
Oats	20@22
Corn	30@32
Barley	60
Wool	8@10@12
Flax Seed	$1 00
Clover Seed	$3 50@3[illegible]
Timothy Seed	$1 50@1 80
Bran, per 100 lbs	90
Middlings, per 100 lbs	90
Hay	$13 00@15 00

PRODUCE.	
Choice Butter, per lb	16@18
Eggs, per dozen	20
Lard, per pound	7
Hams, per lb	10
Shoulders	6@
Sides	8
Cheese, per lb	8
White beans, per bushel	$1 90@2 10
Potatoes	25
Onions	25
Apples	60
Evaporated Apples, choice	10@11
Dried Peaches, peeled	12@15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4@ 5
Salt, per barrel	$1 00@1 20

THE OLD AXIOM That we still lead the procession

Attention now my friends We are the oldest and best established carriage factory in this section

SEE IT SEE

How nice and smoothly it runs along. My hand made buggies will stand fast driving. Drivers for business. Drivers for speed and drivers for recreation and pleasure. All accord in the unanimity of my superb and the excellency of my line of vehicles. We are up to date with the approved modern ideas of carriage building Is complete. It is done promptly on demand. When in want of anything in my line, if you cannot call to see me, ring for Telephone 192.

Ou Repair Department

PERRY H. YOUNG

A BIG RUSH

In our Cloak Department, due to the 33⅓ per cent discount, is ample evidence that the people know a good bargain when they see it. If you are interested, come at once, as our line will soon be broken

WE YET Have a Full Line of CORSETS,

Embracing the most popular makes: Dr. Warner's, Ball's, Thomson's [glove fitting], Featherbone, Loomer's Jackson's and many other makes which we are selling at a big reduction.

CRONE'S CLOSING OUT SALE.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Louis Walcutt and family have abandoned Genoa, where they have been living for a year or two, and are again residents of Massillon.

D. W. Walter is THE INDEPENDENT'S West Brookfield correspondent. Any courtesies extended to him will be appreciated by this paper.

G L. Sickafoose, of Waynesburg, who sought the Republican nomination for county surveyor, has been appointed deputy by County Surveyor Hoover.

Charles Koontz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Koontz, of Wismar avenue, went to Cleveland Thursday, where he was united in marriage to Miss Maggie Butler.

Dr. Joseph Eberwein, who resides at 473 Washington avenue, is in a precarious condition, and his recovery is extremely doubtful. Dr. Eberwein is 80 years of age

The Misses Russell gave a dinner to a company of twelve, at their Prospect street home, Friday, in honor of their guests, Miss Ames, of Boston, Miss Harter and Miss Tonner, of Canton.

Mr. L. L. Nave has organized the pupils in his room (in the high school building) into a literary society. The members elected Robert Herron, president; Walter Johns, vice-president; Mary Metz, secretary.

George Thompson, a W & L. E. brakeman narrowly escaped drowning this morning, while skating on the canal near the second lock. He went through and was pulled out with difficulty by Edward Loomis.

William Penberthy, who is at present in the Toledo state hospital, has improved greatly. He has written several letters to relatives here and states that his mind is perfectly clear and that he would be able to return to Massillon in several weeks.

St. Mary's parochial school has been making splendid progress. There are now 350 pupils enrolled, and the average daily attendance is 330. At the beginning of the present school year 119 scholars were dismissed to attend the union schools.

Stanley Kaylor, who has been working in Duquesne and other Pennsylvania cities, returned home this morning. He says that the East is the best place in the world for bricklayers, for if they so choose they can work day and night, winter and summer, there.

Allen Carnes, of Canton, was in town Friday, quietly putting up a rail or two on the fence upon which he expects to climb to the office of prosecuting attorney. Mr. Carnes is a strong, brainy Republican whose frequently demanded services abundantly prove his claim to consideration.

Mr. C. C Upham, of Canton, is in town today, adding to his already extensive list of acquaintances, and intimating in a gentle but persuasive way, that he would not refuse the Republican nomination for prosecuting attorney. Mr. Upham is six feet tall, and has legal knowledge in proportion.

A new company, so the Record says, that will be known as the Canton Telephone Company, has been organized and incorporated. The officers of the company are: Edward S Raff, president; Charles R Miller, vice president, and Albert Hoeffer, secretary and treasurer.

In his parting letter as President of the American Federation of Labor John McBride writes: "I shall never again either seek or accept official life or official responsibility in the labor movement, but whenever opportunity offers or occasion demands, my voice and pen will be used to aid and relieve suffering humanity and oppressed labor."

The Perry township teachers' institute which was to have been held at Buzzard's Glory, last Saturday, was postponed for two weeks, Jan. 18, at the same place. The programme as previously announced will be carried out. In addition John Sarver, principal of the Canton high school and Supt Baker, of Navarre, will be present and give interesting talks.

Warren C. Jacobs met with a serious accident, Friday evening, on the slippery pavement in front of his East Main street home He fell heavily, breaking one of the tendons of one knee, throwing the cap out of place, and sustaining a painful injury. Under Dr. Hattery's treatment it is hoped to bring about perfect recovery. It is hoped to prevent permanent stiffness.

To buy an acre of land in the vicinity of West Lebanon and Stands's church means to pay just twice its value if, indeed, you can buy at any price. This change has been brought about by the rich coal fields which have been recently developed in that region. If just one-half as many mines, as the villagers say there will be, are opened, West Lebanon will certainly be transformed into a very thriving mining center.

The members of Massillon Council No. 56 National Union, have elected and installed officers as follows: H C. Brown, president; G. F. Breckel, vice-president; Tobias Schott, recording secretary; Theodore Gilts, financial secretary; James Peacock, treasurer; J. C. Haring, chaplain; E. W. Busby, usher; George Rink, sergeant; George McCall, doorkeeper; W. J Oberlin, H C. Brown and Henry Oehler were chosen as trustees.

At their last review Mrs. Mary Merrell installed the following officers of Massillon Hive, No. 41,. Ladies of the Maccabees: Past Commander, Abbie Lee; lady commander, Mary A. White; lieutenant commander, Susan Fricker; record keeper, Olive Poe; finance keeper, Katie Berg; mistress at arms, Matilda George; sergeant, Ella Robinson; chaplin, Susan Franz; sentinel, Adelle Howald; picket, Mary Pietzeker; banner bearers, Mary Shertzer, Maria Wagner and Mrs. McDaniel; auditing committee, Matilda George, Mrs. McDaniel and Ella Robinson.

John Whitmer, the Canal street fish dealer, is inconsolable through the loss of a curious magic ring. For five long years this ring had known no other resting place than Mr. Whitmer's finger, and had ever been an impregnable bulwark between its owner and rheumatism and kindred maladies. But one unfortunate day this week Mr. Whitmer's ring slipped from his finger and has not been seen since. It is gone but not forgotten, for already he begins to feel the sharp twinges of his old enemy. Mr. Whitmer fears that he may not be able to procure another, and is willing to pay a liberal reward to the man who can return his ring to him

EIGHTH OF THE SERIES.

The charms of punctuality were made manifest at the Massillon Club, last night, where the eighth party of the winter series began at 8 o'clock, the hour fixed in advance. There were 22 tables and the 88 people who played cards did so with such energy that by 10 o'clock 20 games had been finished, an Miss Dielhenn and Mr. Maurice Bissell had been declared winners. The former's prize was Townsend's latest volume, "A Daughter of the Tenement," and the latter is now in possession of a beautiful palm under whose shade he can seek repose. The ladies in charge of the evening provided a delicious supper, and as late arrivals joined in the dancing later on, the ball room was well filled The Mozart Club played very acceptably until 1 o'clock. Among the guests were Miss Hobbs, of Concord; Miss Ames, of Boston; Miss Jacobi, of Toledo; Miss Wikadal, of Topeka, Kan.; Miss Kuhns, of Detroit; Miss Dulany, of Baltimore; Miss Ratliff, of Warren; Misses Tonner and Harter, of Canton.

TO RECOGNIZE CUBA.

Important Action In the Senate Committee.

MONROE DOCTRINE AFFIRMED.

A Sub-Committee Named to Draft Resolutions of Moment—Recognition of Cuban Belligerency Very Likely to Be Recommended.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—[By Associated Press.]—The senate committee on foreign relations has decided upon a positive affirmation of the Monroe Doctrine by congress.

A sub-committee has been appointed to draft a resolution. The committee is almost unanimous. Senator Gray is understood to be adverse.

Senators Sherman, Lodge and Morgan were appointed to consider the Cuban question. The discussion indicates that action will be in the line of the recognition of belligerency, if any is taken at all.

DEATH BREAKS A TIE.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 11.—[By Associated Press]—Representative Isaac Wilson, of Nelson county, died this morning This breaks the tie in the legislature. The Republicans have 68 votes, the Democrats 67, and the Populists 2 The latter will vote with the Republicans for Godfrey Hunter, who will doubtless be nominated by the Republicans this afternoon. He now represents the third district in congress

Later—It is now stated that Holt has withdrawn from the senatorial contest. Wilson's name, also, will not go before the Republican caucus. On the other hand, it is said that not all Republicans will go into the caucus, and that the nominee will not receive the full vote of the party. It is also said that many Democrats will not vote for Blackburn.

WILL CAUCUS MONDAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—[By Associated Press]—It is now the intention of the Republican senators to hold a caucus regarding completing the organization next Monday, but no action will be taken until the Utah senators take their seats It is thought that this will be within ten days. One vote will then be needed for a majority. It is expected that it will be found among the Populists.

MRS. VANDERBILT WEDS

NEW YORK, Jan 11. [By Associated Press]—Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and Mr Belmont were married at the former's residence by Mayor Strong, this morning. Very few personal friends were present. They left for Marblehouse, Newport.

Advance for Iron Workers.

YOUNGSTOWN, Jan. 11.—[By Associated Press]—As a result of the investigation of manufacturers' reports for sixty days ending December 31, there is an advance of two per cent. for wages in finishing departments, and twenty cents for puddling for sixty days, beginning January 1.

CAPT CRAWFORD WON.

G. A. R. Installation and Veteran's Cake Walk.

The recently elected officers of Hart Post No. 134, G. A. R. were installed Friday evening, James Peacock administering the oath. The list is as follows: Peter Scharles, post commander; J. G. Hissong, senior vice; Francis Stroble, junior vice; J. P. Cady, chaplain, Henry Oehler, quartermaster; J. C. Haring, adjutant; Henry Huber, quartermaster sergeant; H. M. Minnich, sergeant-major; Orlando Martin, officer of the day; Mr. Wendling, officer of the guard.

Immediately after this ceremony had been performed a supper was served and everybody including the visitors were invited to take seats at the table. Then came cards, cigars for the gentlemen, music by the Orpheus Mandolin Club, the festivities terminating in a cake walk which R. B. Crawford, sr., and Miss Oma Brown won.

Coughing irritates the delicate organs and aggarvates the disease. Instead of waiting, try One Minute Cough Cure. It helps at ace, making expectoration easy, reduces the soreness and inflammation. Every one likes it. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

SILVER MEN WILL WIN.

Can Pass Bond Bill Substitute In the Senate.

HAVE MAJORITY OF THREE VOTES.

Finance Committee Members Seem Undecided as to the Position of the Tariff Bill—Senator Jones Still Insists on a Duty on Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Some of the Republican silver senators have held a conference to canvass the chances of passing the silver substitute for the house bond bill through the senate. They went over the list very carefully, comparing notes on senators considered doubtful and reached the conclusion that the substitute would win by a majority of about three votes. They also considered the alternative of postponing action until after the new senators from Utah shall arrive, but concluded that in view of the facts developed at the meeting the postponement would not be necessary.

The members of the senate finance committee seem undecided as to the position of the revenue tariff bill. Senator Sherman has expressed the opinion that the committee would be authorized to report the bill without a further meeting, but other Republican members of the committee say that such is not their understanding, and the Democrats also say they have not agreed that a report should be made. Senator Jones of Nevada also told other senators that he was still disposed to insist upon a duty on sugar. If he maintains that position it appears probable that the report may be postponed for some time. Senator Allison of the committee has left for his home, to be absent ten days, and Senator Aldrich is also absent.

THE BOND BILL SUBSTITUTE.

Discussion Commences In the Senate. Morgan Wants to Congratulate Kruger.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The debate on the senate free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was opened by Senator Jones of Arkansas in a two hours' speech in the senate, which was followed with close attention by senators on both sides of the chamber. Mr. Jones took strong ground in favor of the free and independent coinage of silver, contending that was the only method by which the distress in the country could be alleviated and the treasury department relieved from its present dependence upon the speculative holders of gold. There was no reply to Mr. Jones' argument, but the debate will be resumed when the senate meets again on Monday.

During the morning hour Mr. Pritchard (Rep., N. C.) made a speech in favor of the re-enactment of the McKinley law, and Mr White (Dem., Cal.) made some remarks in favor of amending the rules of the senate so as to give the majority the power to bring a measure to a vote whenever it saw fit.

Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.) the former chairman of the committee on foreign relations, offered a resolution, which was referred without debate, conveying the congratulations of congress to President Kruger.

THE VENEZUELAN COMMISSION

A Meeting Being Held Today A Secretary to Be Selected.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Venezuelan boundary commission met in the diplomatic room of the state department at 10 o'clock today for the purpose of perfecting its organization for business, so far as possible at this time. The office of secretary is regarded as the most important one to be filled.

Among those mentioned for the office of secretary are Mr. William E. Curtis, formerly director of the bureau of American republics, and Mr. Partridge of Vermont, formerly solicitor of the state department and minister to Venezuela under president Harrison. Mr. K. M. Landis, private secretary to the late Secretary Gresham, has been suggested in this connection, but inasmuch as he has just been appointed a special assistant district attorney to assist in the prosecution of the beef trust cases it is believed he does not desire the appointment.

Searles Refused to Testify.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The proceedings in the trial of the Chapman sugar trust witness case were enlivened by the production as a witness of Secretary and Treasurer John W. Searles of the trust, who is also under indictment for refusal to testify before the senate committee. Searles refused to testify only as he wished. Judge Cole held that Searles could go on and testify, taking the advantage of his privilege to refuse to answer questions that might be incriminating to himself. This was the first material victory secured by the defense during the whole trial. Searles refused to answer the questions, and the case was adjourned until Monday morning.

The Government Confesses Error.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The solicitor general has filed a confession of error in the United States supreme court in the case of Thomas J. Thornton, defendant in a murder case from the Western district of Arkansas. The case is of no exceptional interest, but the confession of error on the part of the government is of very rare occurrence.

Working Hard for Statehood.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The three territorial delegates, Messrs. Flynn of Oklahoma, Murphy of Arizona and Catron of New Mexico, are waging a very vigorous campaign in congress to secure favorable action upon their bills for the admission of the respective territories represented by them to statehood.

A Cuban Resolution Objected To.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Congressman Willis of Delaware, has taken up the cause of the Cuban insurgents and endeavored to secure the consideration of a resolution by the house. It was objected to before it had been read, however, and will go to the committee on foreign affairs.

CRESPO ACTS WITH VIGOR.

Declares Rebels to Be Traitors—English Troops on the Border.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Jan. 9.—President Crespo has issued a remarkable decree officially recognizing the existence of the revolutionary movement. He says that in view of the fact that the country is on the verge of an international conflict, he regards it, not as revolution, but treason. It is believed that Crespo's decree is aimed especially at Gutman Blanco or Pojas Paul, who are supposed to be treating with England in the interest of the rebellion.

Another sensation has been created by the issue of an order prohibiting communication between ships and the shore, aimed at Schimmel, American agent of the Red D line. Captain Delano of the Red D line steamer Philadelphia made a protest to President Crespo against the order. He said it stopped work on the vessel. The president replied that the order was necessary, but that he would try to except Americans.

The government is notified that troops, with rifle and cannon, from Demarara have arrived at Cayuni, a station at the extreme limit of the English claims in the disputed territory. It is probable that troops will be sent to the scene to resist invasion.

MISCONSTRUE THE BOND ISSUE.

Venezuelans Think It Is to Secure Money For War With England.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The steamer Venezuela, Captain Hopkins, from Venezuelan ports, brings news that the greatest excitement prevails throughout the country over the attitude of the United States government on the boundary question. Demonstrations are numerous in all the principal cities Troops are constantly marching through the cities of Porto Cabello, La Guayara and Caracas, and the American flag is carried in all the parades, causing the wildest enthusiasm among the populace.

It was rumored at La Guayara that the sum of $100,000,000 was being raised by the United States government to aid the Venezuelans in case war should be declared against Great Britain.

France Preserves Neutrality.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—A decree has been gazetted prohibiting the export from France or the French colonies of warlike munitions intended for the island of Cuba.

German Warship at Delagoa Bay.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—A telegram received here from Lorenzo Marques, Delagoa bay, announces that the German man-of-war Condor has arrived there

Won't Stand Criticism.

YOKOHAMA, Jan. 11.—An address to the throne, censuring the government for surrendering the Liao-Tung peninsula, has been rejected.

Some Doubts About the Shutdown.

MUNCIE, Ind., Jan 11.—There is now some doubt as to whether or not the window glass factories of the United States will close tonight.

TARIFF BILL STANDS.

Republican Senators Conclude Not to Amend It.

NEVER WILL BECOME A LAW.

Senators of the Opinion That It Will Not Receive Executive Sanction—Anti-Silver Democrats Working to Defeat the Bond Bill Substitute.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Republican senatorial caucus, after a very stormy session, agreed to instruct the finance committee that the tariff bill be reported without amendment and passed in that form.

The feature of the caucus was a discussion of the advisability of amending the house tariff bill by adding a free coinage amendment to it in the senate. This discussion was confined largely to the free coinage wing of the party.

There was no formal effort to bind the senators to support the bill when it should come before the senate, and it was left open to amendments at that stage of the proceedings. It was while the advisability of attempting to secure a pledge of support was under consideration that the silver question came up. It was sprung by a question as to what the silver Republicans would do in case a free silver amendment should be offered to the tariff bill in the senate.

There was a sufficiently general expression of opinion among the silver senators to show that there were not to exceed a half dozen who would hold out against unanimous agreement to refrain from voting for a silver amendment, and this showing was such as to lead the anti-silver men in the caucus to conclude that if those who had expressed themselves against the policy of amendment could be induced to vote against these amendments, regardless of the action of their colleagues, they could defeat a silver amendment when offered. Most of the silver men thought their stand on the bond bill was sufficient to show their loyalty to the cause of silver without interfering with the tariff bill.

There was a general expression of opinion that the bill, whether amended or unamended in the senate, never would become a law. Several senators expressed the opinion that it could not receive executive sanction.

The anti-silver Democrats of the senate held a meeting or conference while the Republican senators were in caucus The object of the conference was to count how many men could be mustered against the free coinage amendment of the senate finance committee to the bond bill It was found that there are 14 sure votes on the Democratic side against the silver proposition, and the Democrats were assured that there are 26 Republicans who could be counted against the Jones amendment. This would make 40 in all.

Four more votes would be necessary to a majority of the senate. Both Democratic and Republican anti-silver men are now making an effort to see if these four votes can be obtained. Among the Republicans who are not counted in the 26 anti-silver list and upon whom an effort will be made are Senators McBride of Oregon and Wilson of Washington. On the Democratic side are Senators Bacon and Gordon of Georgia and Martin of Virginia. It is not known with what hope the anti-silver men are working, but they say that the vote will be very close and that perhaps free coinage may be defeated.

THE SENATE SESSION.

A Bill Reported Favorably Increasing the Enlisted Men In the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—In the senate Mr. Hale, from the committee on naval affairs, reported back favorably a bill authorizing the secretary of the navy to increase the number of enlisted men in the navy. He directed attention to the importance of the bill and gave notice that he would call it up at an early day.

Mr. Butler (Pop., N. C.) offered two amendments to the free coinage substitute for the house bond bill. The first prohibited the sale of interest-bearing bonds without the express consent of consent of congress, and the second made it mandatory on the secretary of the treasury to redeem greenbacks in treasury notes in silver as long as the market price of 412½ grains of silver was lower than that of 20⅔ grains of gold At the conclusion of the morning hour Mr. Sherman (Rep., Ohio) moved that the senate adjourn. He explained that an early adjournment would facilitate the work of the senate, it being understood that the Republicans desired to hold a caucus.

Mr. Stewart (Pop., Nev.) requested Mr Sherman to withdraw his motion in order to give him an opportunity to make some remarks on the financial question, but the Ohio senator refused to yield Accordingly the senate adjourned.

GEN. SANGUILLY IS SAFE.

Olney Grants an Informal Interview to the Cuban Leaders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Consul General Williams has cabled to the state department that there is no fear of mob violence against General Julio Sanguily, the insurgent suspect imprisoned for life in Mora castle, Havana Secretary Olney communicated this information to Manuel Sanguily and several prominent Cubans.

Secretary Olney has granted an informal hearing to President Palma and the officials of the Cuban revolutionary society, who have re-established headquarters here. So far as is known, the secretary received them as he would any other callers, but with a special understanding that the visit was to be considered informal and was not to be regarded as any official recognition of the visitors in their capacity as representatives of the Cuban revolutionary party.

To Consider Foreign Questions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The senate committee on foreign relations has decided to hold a special session on Saturday for the consideration of the Venezuelan, Cuban and Armenian questions

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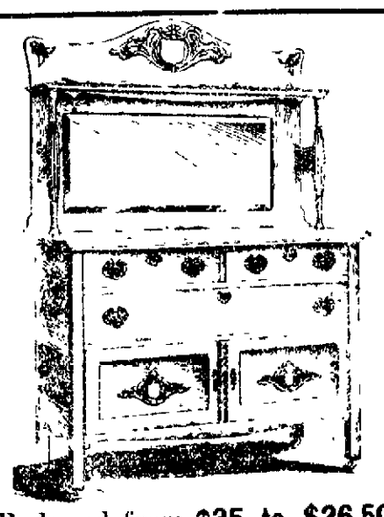
$7.00 Tables	now	$4.00
$10.00 Tables	now	$6.00



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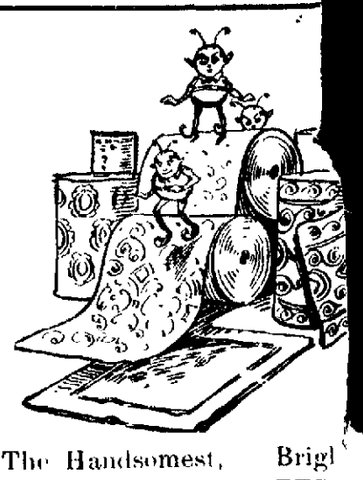
$75.00 Sideboards	now	$55.00
$50.00 Sideboards	now	$38.00



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At the Old Store, 42-44 South Erie Street, Saturday, Jan. 11, Monday Jan. 13, Saturday, Jan. 18. These goods will be sold without reserve.

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